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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

Steven Wade,
individually and on behalf of all
others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

Whaleco, Inc d/b/a Temu, U.S.

Defendant.

Case No.:

**Complaint for Damages and Injunctive
Relief for Violations of: 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)
and 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(1)**

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff Steven Wade (“Plaintiff”) brings this class action against Whaleco, Inc d/b/a Temu, U.S. (“Defendant”) and alleges as follows upon personal knowledge as to Plaintiff and Plaintiff’s own acts and experiences and, as to all other matters, upon information and belief, including investigation conducted by Plaintiff’s counsel.

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. This putative class action arises from Defendant’s violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 et seq. (the “TCPA”), and the Federal Communications Commission (“FCC”) regulations promulgated thereunder.

1 2. To advertise and promote its goods and services, Defendant transmitted, or caused to
2 be transmitted, unsolicited telemarketing text messages to Plaintiff and other
3 consumers, including multiple messages initiated before 8:00 a.m. or after 9:00 p.m.
4 local time at the called party's location.

5
6 3. Through this action, Plaintiff seeks injunctive relief, statutory damages, treble
7 damages for willful or knowing violations, costs, and such other relief as the Court
8 deems just and proper.

9
10 **PARTIES**

11 4. Plaintiff is a natural person, a citizen and resident of Riverside, California, and a
12 "person" entitled to bring this action under the TCPA.

13 5. Defendant, Whaleco, Inc, is a Company Incorporated in Delaware that is authorized
14 to do business in California and conducts business under the name Temu, U.S.

15
16 6. Unless otherwise indicated, references to Defendant include its agents, employees,
17 officers, members, directors, partners, subsidiaries, affiliates, predecessors,
18 successors, assigns, principals, representatives, vendors, and all other persons or
19 entities acting on its behalf.
20

21 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

22 7. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331 because this action
23 arises under the TCPA.

24 8. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendant, and venue is proper in this
25 District because Defendant transacts business in this District, purposefully directed
26 the telemarketing campaign at issue into this District, and because Defendant's
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1 unauthorized marketing scheme was directed by Defendant to consumers in this
2 District.

3 **STATUTORY AND REGULATORY BACKGROUND**

4 **I. Telephone Consumer Protection Act (TCPA)**

5
6 9. In 1991, Congress enacted the TCPA to address the explosive growth of the
7 telemarketing industry. In so doing, Congress recognized that “[u]nrestricted
8 telemarketing . . . can be an intrusive invasion of privacy [.]” Telephone Consumer
9 Protection Act of 1991, Pub. L. No. 102-243, § 2(5) (1991) (codified at 47 U.S.C. §
10 227).

11
12 10. Section 227(c) of the TCPA directed the FCC to adopt rules protecting residential
13 telephone subscribers’ privacy rights and limiting unwanted telephone solicitations.
14 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(1).

15
16 11. The FCC’s regulations prohibit any person or entity from initiating a telephone
17 solicitation to any residential telephone subscriber before 8 am and after 9 pm local
18 time at the called party’s location. and similarly provides a private right of action
19 against any entity that makes those telephone solicitations, or “on whose behalf” such
20 telephone solicitations are made. 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5); 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(1).
21 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(e), the restrictions in § 64.1200(c) apply to any person or entity
22 making telephone solicitations or telemarketing calls to wireless telephone numbers
23 to the extent described by the FCC. 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(e).

24
25
26 13. Under the TCPA, a text message qualifies as a “call.” *Campbell-Ewald Co. v. Gomez*,
27 577 U.S. 153, 156 (2016).

28

1 14. The FCC defines “telephone solicitation” to mean the initiation of a telephone call or
2 message for the purpose of encouraging the purchase or rental of, or investment in,
3 property, goods, or services, but the term does not include a call or message sent with
4 prior express invitation or permission, to a person with whom the caller has an
5 established business relationship, or by or on behalf of a tax-exempt nonprofit
6 organization. 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(f)(15).

8 15. A person who has received more than one telephone call within any twelve-month
9 period by or on behalf of the same entity in violation of the regulations prescribed
10 under 47 U.S.C. § 227(c) may bring an action for injunctive relief and to recover actual
11 monetary loss or up to \$500.00 in damages for each violation, whichever is greater.
12 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5).

14 16. If the Court finds that the defendant willfully or knowingly violated the regulations
15 prescribed under 47 U.S.C. § 227(c), the Court may, in its discretion, increase the
16 amount of the award to an amount equal to not more than three times the amount
17 otherwise available. *Id.*

19
20 **FACTS**

21 17. Plaintiff is the regular user and subscriber of the wireless telephone number ending in
22 1115 (the “Subject Number”). Plaintiff uses the Subject Number only or primarily for
23 personal, family, and household purposes, as Plaintiff’s primary means of being
24 reached at home, and as a replacement for a traditional residential landline.

25
26 18. Plaintiff did not provide Defendant with prior express invitation or permission—written
27 or otherwise—to send telemarketing or solicitation text messages to the Subject
28 Number.

1 19. Plaintiff had no established business relationship with Defendant within the meaning
2 of 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(f)(5) at the time of the messages at issue. Plaintiff had not
3 purchased from Defendant within the eighteen months preceding the challenged texts,
4 had not made any inquiry or application regarding Defendant's goods or services
5 within the three months preceding the challenged texts, and, to the extent any prior
6 relationship ever existed, it had been terminated before the messages at issue were
7 initiated.
8

9 20. Upon information and belief, Defendant is not a tax-exempt nonprofit organization,
10 and the messages at issue were not sent by or on behalf of a tax-exempt nonprofit
11 organization.
12

13 21. On December 21, 2025, at 9:54 PM, December 26, 2025, at 11:35 PM, and January 4,
14 2026, at 9:55 PM, Defendant initiated, or caused to be initiated, telemarketing text
15 messages to Plaintiff while Plaintiff was located in Cathedral City, California.
16

17 22. The messages were sent from an unknown number, identified Defendant by name,
18 promoted Defendant's goods and/or services.
19

20 23. True and correct copies of the messages are attached as Exhibit A and incorporated by
21 reference.
22

23 24. The subject messages were not informational or transactional. Their purpose was to
24 advertise, promote, and encourage the purchase of Defendant's goods and/or services.
25

26 25. Because the challenged messages were initiated to Plaintiff while Plaintiff was located
27 in Cathedral City, California, the times alleged above are the relevant local times for
28 purposes of 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(1). Each challenged message was initiated before
8:00 a.m. or after 9:00 p.m. local time at Plaintiff's location.

- 1 26. Upon information and belief, Defendant directly transmitted the subject messages or
2 used a third-party platform, vendor, and/or telemarketing agent to transmit them on
3 Defendant's behalf. Any such person or entity acted as Defendant's agent and within
4 the scope of that agency.
5
- 6 27. Upon information and belief, Defendant maintains, controls, and/or has access to
7 outbound transmission reports and campaign records reflecting the dates, times, target
8 telephone numbers, content, sending number or short code, and routing information
9 for the telemarketing texts sent to Plaintiff and the Class.
10
- 11 28. Defendant's unlawful conduct invaded Plaintiff's privacy, disturbed Plaintiff's peace
12 and quiet, and caused nuisance and annoyance in a realm that is private and personal.
13
- 14 29. Plaintiff remains at risk of future injury absent injunctive relief because, upon
15 information and belief, Defendant's telemarketing campaign remained ongoing after
16 the challenged messages and Plaintiff's number remained on, or accessible through,
17 the lists, databases, and systems Defendant used to send the challenged texts.

18 **CLASS ALLEGATIONS**

19 **Proposed Class**

- 20
- 21 30. Plaintiff brings this action pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure
22 on behalf of Plaintiff and the following proposed class:
- 23 31. TCPA After-Hours Class: All persons in the United States who, from four years prior
24 to the filing of this action through the date of class certification, Defendant, or anyone
25 acting on Defendant's behalf, initiated more than one telephone solicitation text
26 message within any twelve-month period to a wireless telephone number used by the
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- 1 called party as a residential line, where at least one such message was initiated before
2 8:00 a.m. or after 9:00 p.m. local time at the called party's location.
- 3 32. Plaintiff reserves the right to modify the class definition as discovery and further
4 investigation may warrant.
- 5
6 33. Excluded from the Class are Defendant, any parent, subsidiary, affiliate, or control
7 person of Defendant, and Defendant's officers, directors, agents, servants, employees,
8 attorneys, and the immediate family members of such persons.
- 9
10 34. Upon information and belief, the members of the Class number at least in the dozens
11 and likely in the hundreds or thousands, making joinder impracticable. The identities
12 of the Class members are presently unknown to Plaintiff but are ascertainable through
13 Defendant's records and the records of Defendant's agents and vendors.

14
15 **Common Questions and Rule 23 Requirements**

- 16 35. There are numerous questions of law and fact common to the Class that predominate
17 over any questions affecting only individual members, including whether Defendant
18 initiated or caused to be initiated the challenged text messages; whether those
19 messages constituted telephone solicitations or telemarketing; whether the messages
20 were sent to wireless numbers used as residential lines; whether the messages were
21 initiated before 8:00 a.m. or after 9:00 p.m. local time at the called party's location;
22 whether Defendant possessed prior express invitation or permission; whether
23 Defendant had an established business relationship with the recipients; whether any
24 nonprofit exemption applies; and whether Defendant is liable for damages and
25 injunctive relief.
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1 36. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the Class because they arise from the same
2 course of conduct and are based on the same legal theories.

3 37. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class and has retained
4 counsel experienced in complex litigation and TCPA class actions.
5

6 38. A class action is superior to all other available methods for the fair and efficient
7 adjudication of this controversy because the damages recoverable by individual class
8 members are small compared with the burden and expense of individual litigation, and
9 separate actions would risk inconsistent results and needlessly burden the courts.
10

11 **COUNT I**

12 **Violations of 47 U.S.C. § 227(c) and 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(1)**
13 **(Quiet-Hours Claim)**
14 **(On Behalf of Plaintiff and the TCPA After-Hours Class)**

15 39. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the preceding paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

16 40. 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(1) provides that no person or entity shall initiate any telephone
17 solicitation to any residential telephone subscriber before the hour of 8:00 a.m. or after
18 9:00 p.m. local time at the called party's location.

19 41. 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(e) makes the rules set forth in 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c) and (d)
20 applicable to persons or entities making telephone solicitations or telemarketing calls
21 or text messages to wireless telephone numbers to the extent described by the FCC.
22

23 42. The subject text messages were telephone solicitations within the meaning of the TCPA
24 because they were sent for the purpose of encouraging the purchase of Defendant's
25 goods and/or services, Plaintiff did not provide prior express invitation or permission,
26 Defendant had no established business relationship with Plaintiff, and the messages
27 were not sent by or on behalf of a tax-exempt nonprofit organization.
28

1 43. Within a twelve-month period, Defendant initiated, or caused to be initiated, more than
2 one telephone solicitation text message to Plaintiff and the TCPA After-Hours Class
3 before 8:00 a.m. or after 9:00 p.m. local time at the called party's location.

4 44. By doing so, Defendant violated 47 U.S.C. § 227(c) and 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(1).

5 45. Pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(c)(5), Plaintiff and the TCPA After-Hours Class are
6 entitled to injunctive relief and to recover actual monetary loss or up to \$500.00 for
7 each violation, whichever is greater, and up to three times that amount for each willful
8 or knowing violation.
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11 **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

12 WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of the Class, respectfully requests that
13 the Court enter judgment in Plaintiff's favor and against Defendant and award the
14 following relief:
15

- 16 a) An order certifying this action as a class action pursuant to Rule 23 of the Federal
17 Rules of Civil Procedure, appointing Plaintiff as Class Representative, and appointing
18 Plaintiff's counsel as Class Counsel;
19 b) Statutory damages of up to \$500.00 for each violation, or actual monetary loss,
20 whichever is greater;
21 c) An award of treble damages for each willful or knowing violation;
22 d) Injunctive relief prohibiting Defendant from engaging in conduct that violates the
23 TCPA, including initiating telephone solicitations before 8:00 a.m. or after 9:00 p.m.
24 local time at the called party's location;
25 e) Costs, pre-judgment interest, and post-judgment interest as permitted by law; and
26 f) Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

27 **JURY DEMAND**

28 Plaintiff and the members of the Class hereby demand a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

DOCUMENT PRESERVATION DEMAND

Plaintiff demands that Defendant take affirmative steps to preserve all records,
electronically stored information, transmission logs, campaign reports, consent records,

1 customer relationship data, vendor communications, and all other documents or data
2 relating to the text messages and telemarketing practices alleged herein.

3
4 Dated: May 19, 2026
5 Respectfully submitted,
6 /s/ Vinit R. Venkatesh, Esq.
7 Vinit R. Venkatesh, Esq.

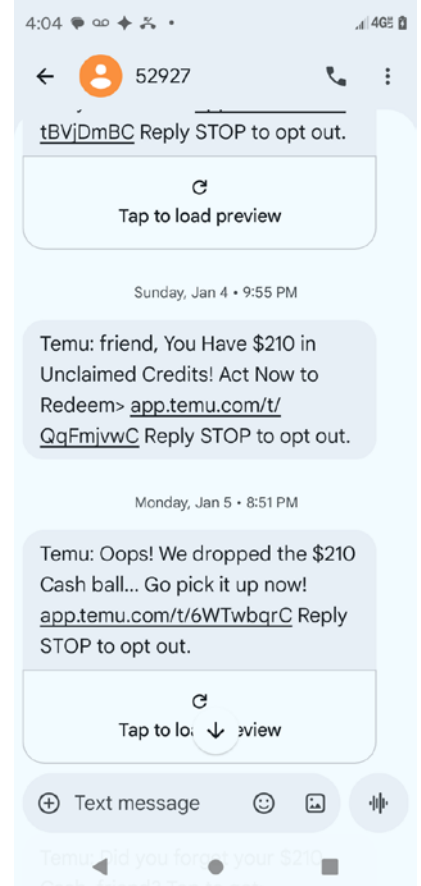
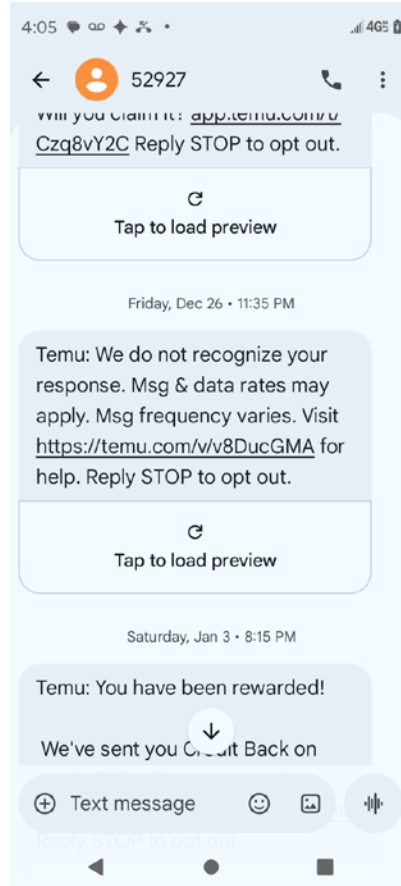
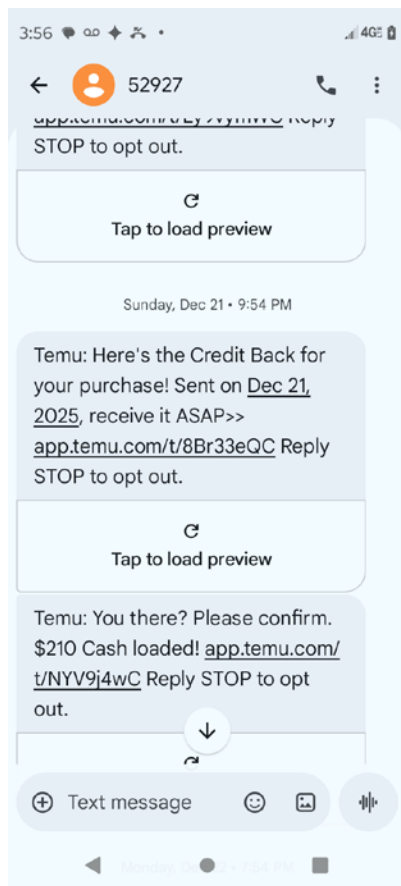
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EXHIBIT A

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ATTACH MESSAGES

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ClassAction.org

This complaint is part of ClassAction.org's searchable class action lawsuit database and can be found in this post: [Temu Sent Unlawful Telemarketing Texts to Consumers, Class Action Claims](#)
